

Dimensions of the Water- Energy-Food Nexus

Rabi H. Mohtar
Texas A&M University (TAMU)

Prairie View A&M University

March 9, 2023

Outline



Who We Are



**The Global Water-
Energy-Food security**



**Resources Nexus
and applications**



**Pedostructure
concept**



**Applications to soil &
water management**



Concluding remarks

9 billion population by 2050

844 Million people lack access to safe drinking water

WATER
+55%
by 2050

10-30% less precipitation than in 1980-1999 in most sub-tropical regions; +1.5° C (IPCC)

70% of freshwater used by agriculture sector

15% of global freshwater withdrawals for energy production

FOOD
+60%
by 2050

30% of world energy consumed by food sector

ENERGY
+80%
by 2050

815 Million people lack access to food

1.1 Billion people lack access to energy

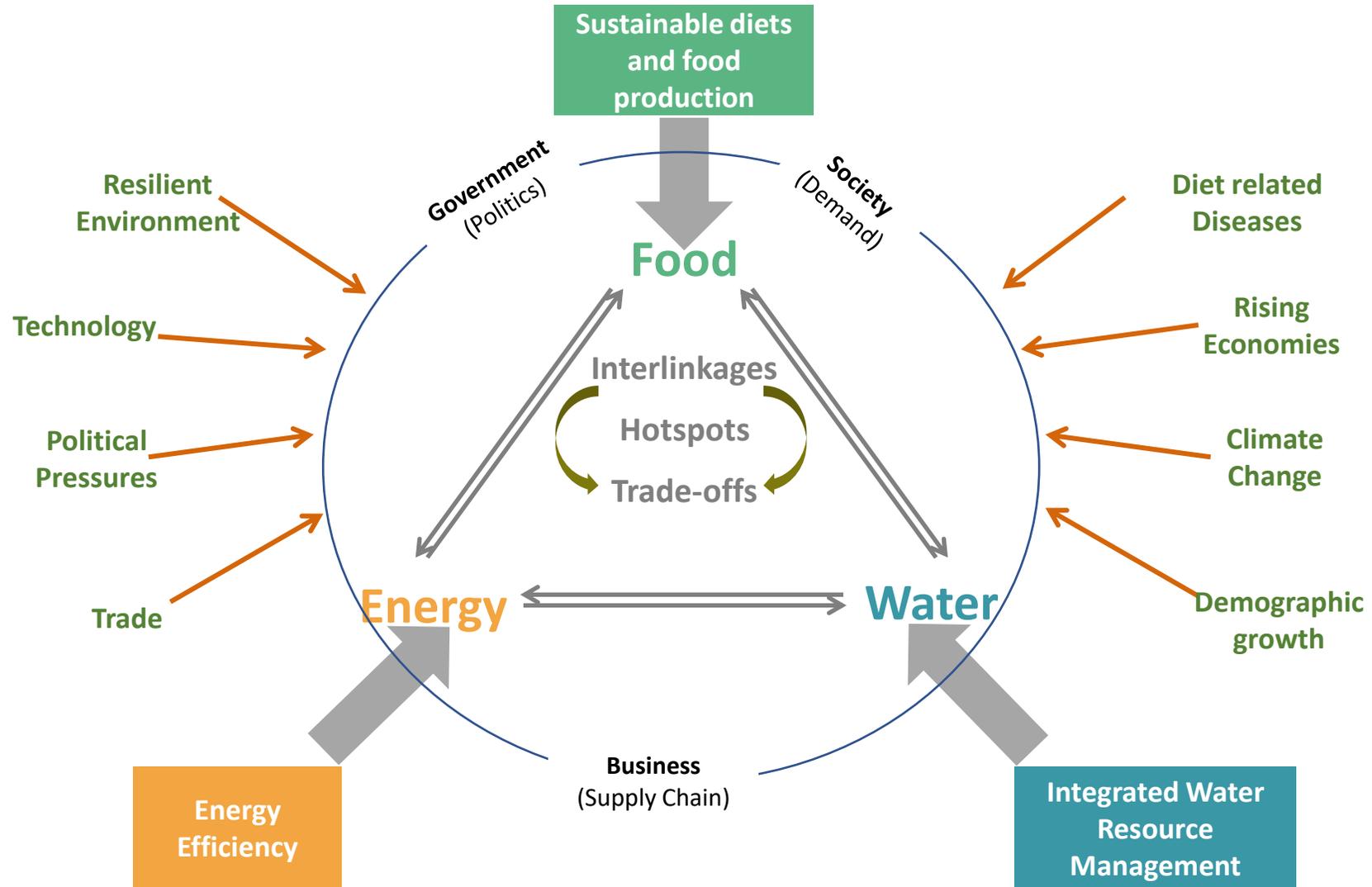
Challenges

- Inequity & variability in distribution
- Allocation model for managing resources
- Non-sustainable consumption
- Extremes and non-stationarity
- Non-sustainable business model

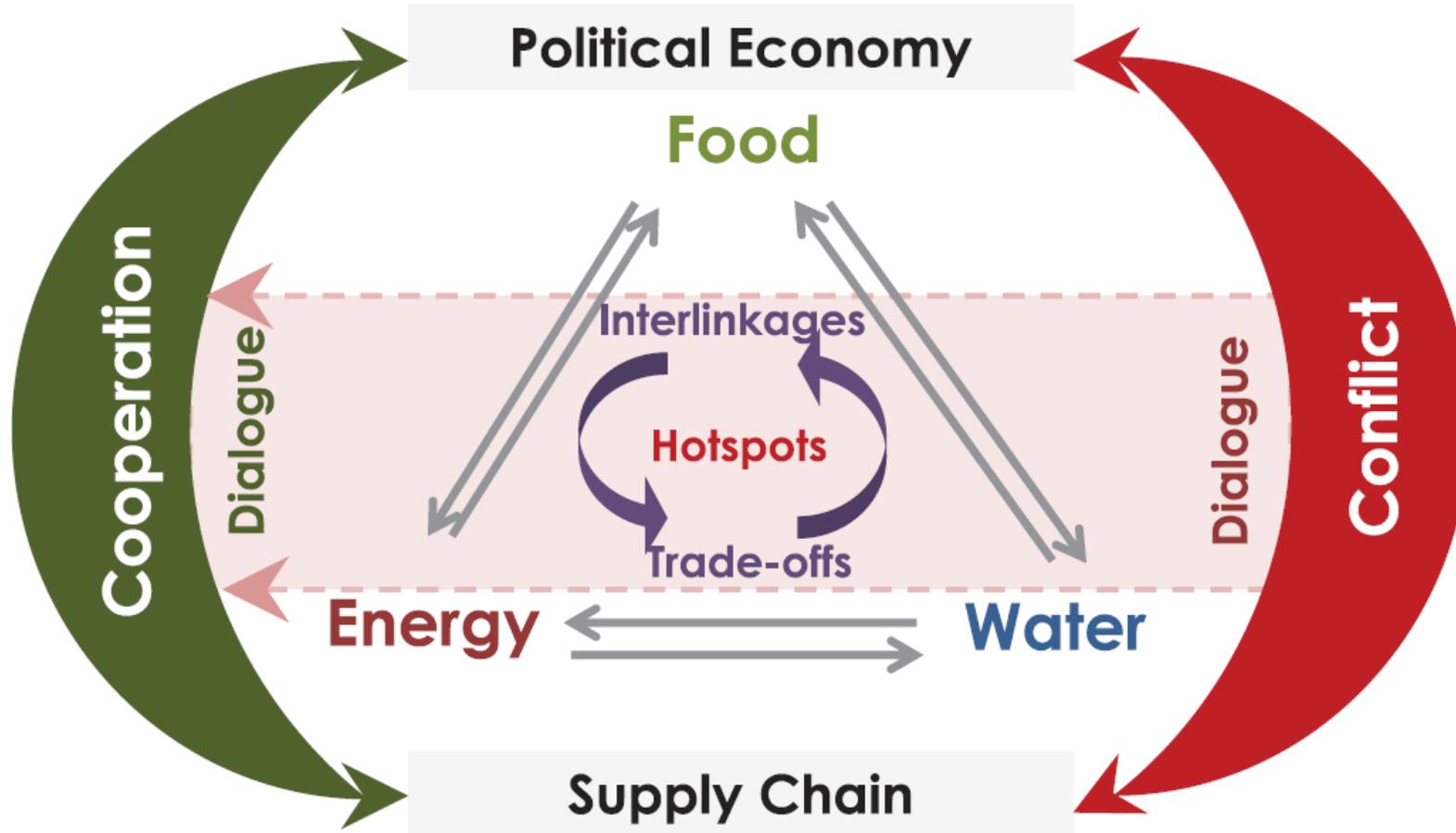
Opportunities

- New Values – Based Business Model
- Resilient/Sustainable Communities

A Systems Approach is Needed to Address Water, Energy, Food Securities



WEF Nexus Framework: From Science to Politics and the Nexus



Selected WEF Nexus Case Studies from Around the World



Food Security
(Qatar)

Water Gap
(Texas)

Fracturing-Water-
Transportation
(Texas)

Renewable
Energy
Deployment

WEF Nexus in
Mekong Basin

WEF Nexus in
Gediz Basin
(Turkey)

Phosphate
Industry
(Morocco)

Hydropower &
Food Security
(Nigeria)

WEF and SDGs
(Morocco)

WEFN Nexus in
Lebanon

WEF Nexus in
San Antonio
(Texas)

WEF Nexus in
Matagorda
(Texas)



Success stories around the world

Web-Based WEF Nexus Tool

ADMIN interface

Local Characteristic Data

Local Yields

Water Requirements

Energy Requirements

Land Availability

Import Data

Other

Science



USER interface

Scenario Components

Food Self-Sufficiencies

Water Sources and Amounts

Energy Sources and Amounts

Sources of Import Countries

Tool Output

Water Requirement (m3)

Financial Requirements (\$)

Local Requirement (ha)

Energy-Import (kJ)

Local Carbon Emissions (ton CO₂)

Carbon-Import (ton CO₂)

Land Requirement (ha)

Policy

Sustainability Index of Scenario

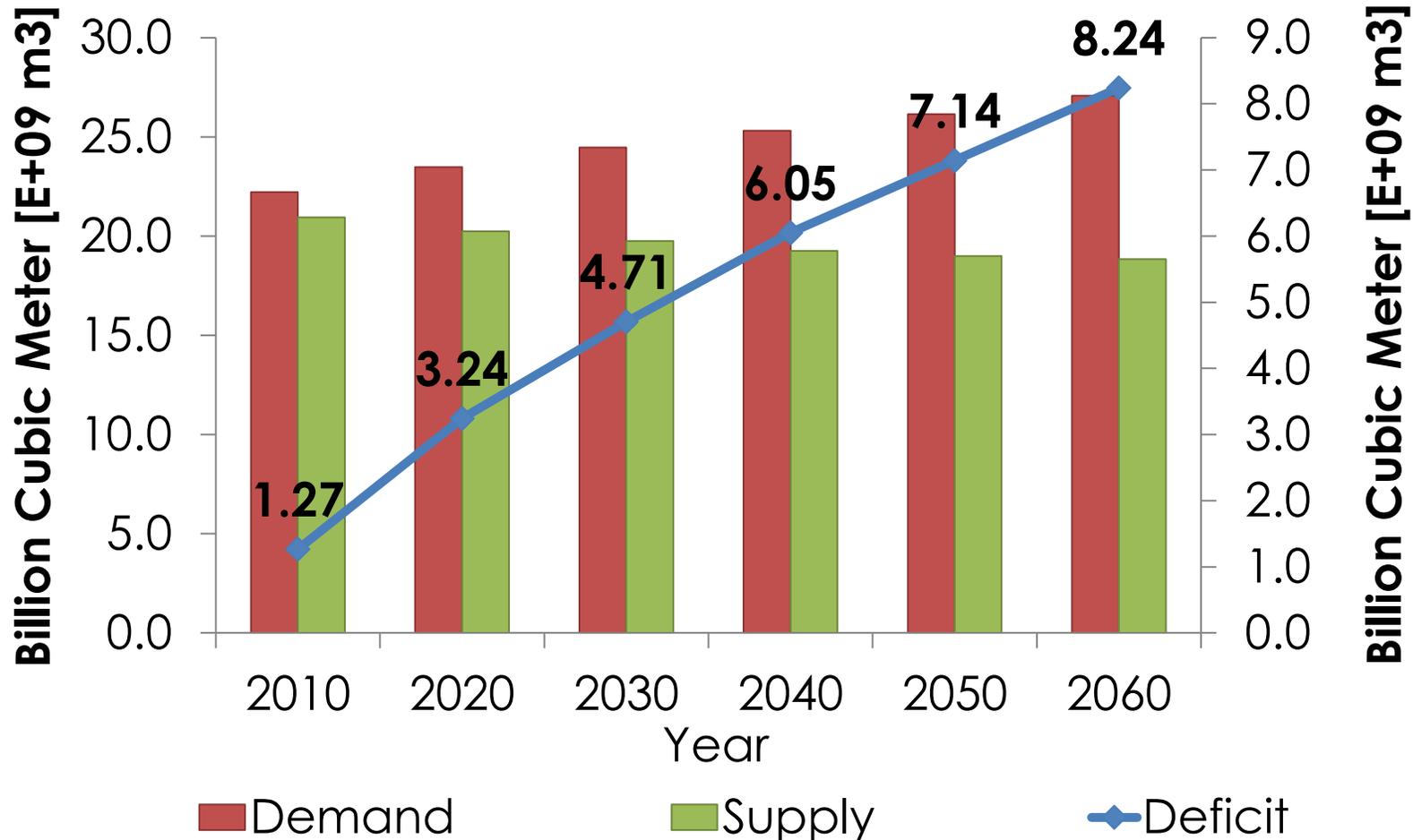


Mohtar, R.H., Daher, B. (2012). **Water, Energy, and Food: The Ultimate Nexus**. In *Encyclopedia of Agricultural, Food, and Biological Engineering Second Edition*, Dennis R. Heldman, Carmen I. Moraru (Eds.) (pp. 1-15) Abingdon, UK: Taylor & Francis. DOI:10.1081/E-EAFE2-120048376



Success stories around the world

Projected Water Deficit in Texas Mirrors the Global Trends



By 2060: **8.24 Billion** cubic meters of NEW water supply is needed.

Source:
TWDP – 2012 State Water Plan

Texas Water Gap

Lubbock:

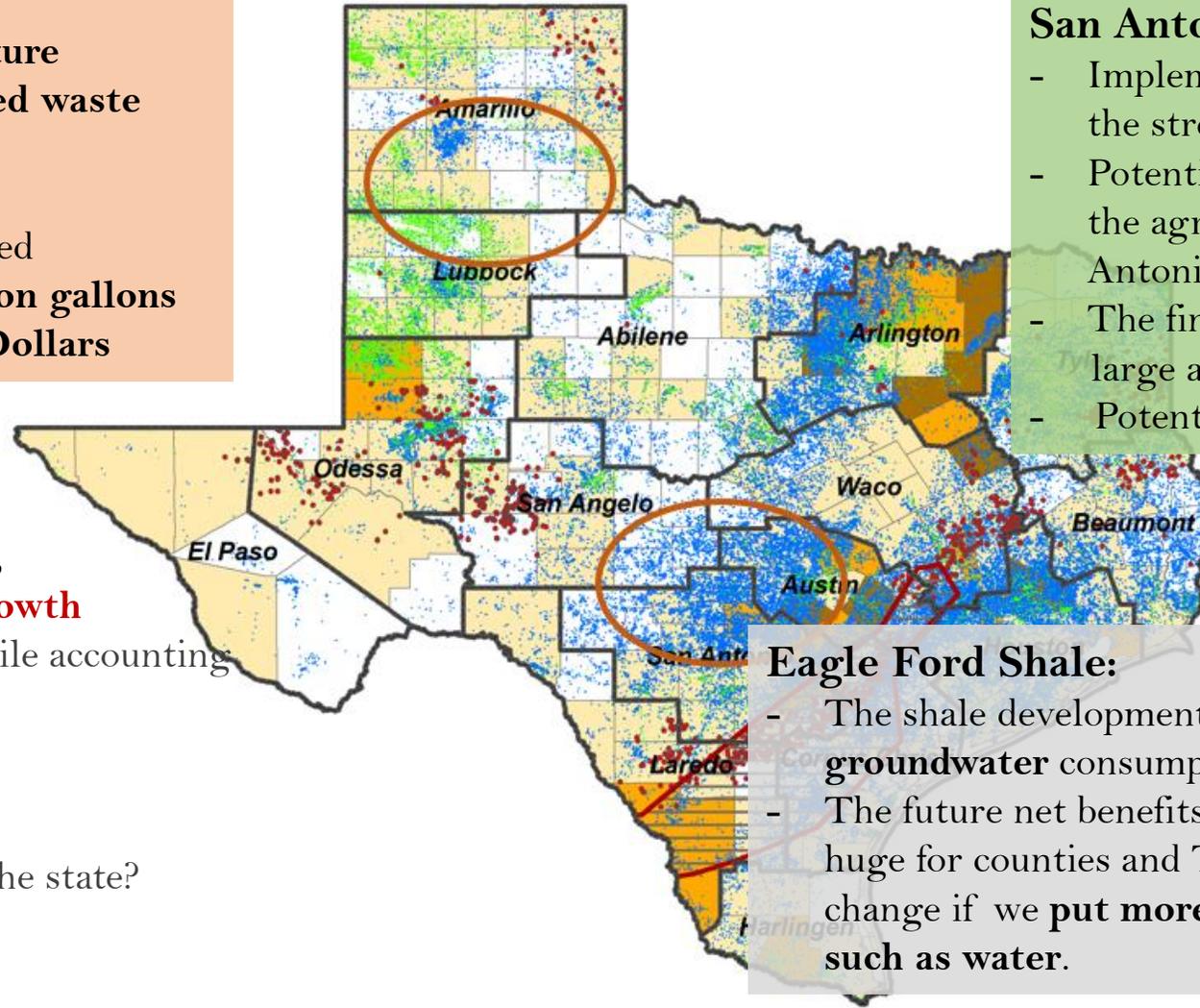
- Encourage **dry land agriculture**
- Increase reliance on **reclaimed waste water** for agriculture
- Invest in **renewable energy**
- **Financial investment** required
- Potential of bridging **3 billion gallons**
- Potential cost: **121 Million Dollars**

How can we bridge the

Texas water gap

(8.9 Billion cubic meters in 2070), given projected **population growth** & **climate change stresses**, while accounting for :

- **variable water availability**
- **water demanding sectors**
- across **different regions** of the state?



San Antonio Region:

- Implementing LIDs would elevate some of the stresses on water for agriculture
- Potential of additional **47 billion gallons** to the agricultural water supply in the San Antonio region every year.
- The financial cost could be as large as **4 Billion Dollars**
- Potential for urban agriculture

Eagle Ford Shale:

- The shale development in Eagle Ford increases the **groundwater** consumption in South Texas
- The future net benefits of hydraulic fracturing industry are huge for counties and Texas, but the amount of benefit will change if we **put more value on other natural resources** such as water.



STOTEN Special Issue: reporting on the San Antonio Case Studies of the Texas A&M WEF Nexus Initiative (2015-2018).



Success stories around the world



Circular FAS

Inputs:

Renewable Water



Renewable Energy



Recycled Nutrients



Waste / Water Reuse

Outcomes

Nutrition/Human Centric



Reduced CO₂ emission



Reduced Chemical/
Biological Pollutants

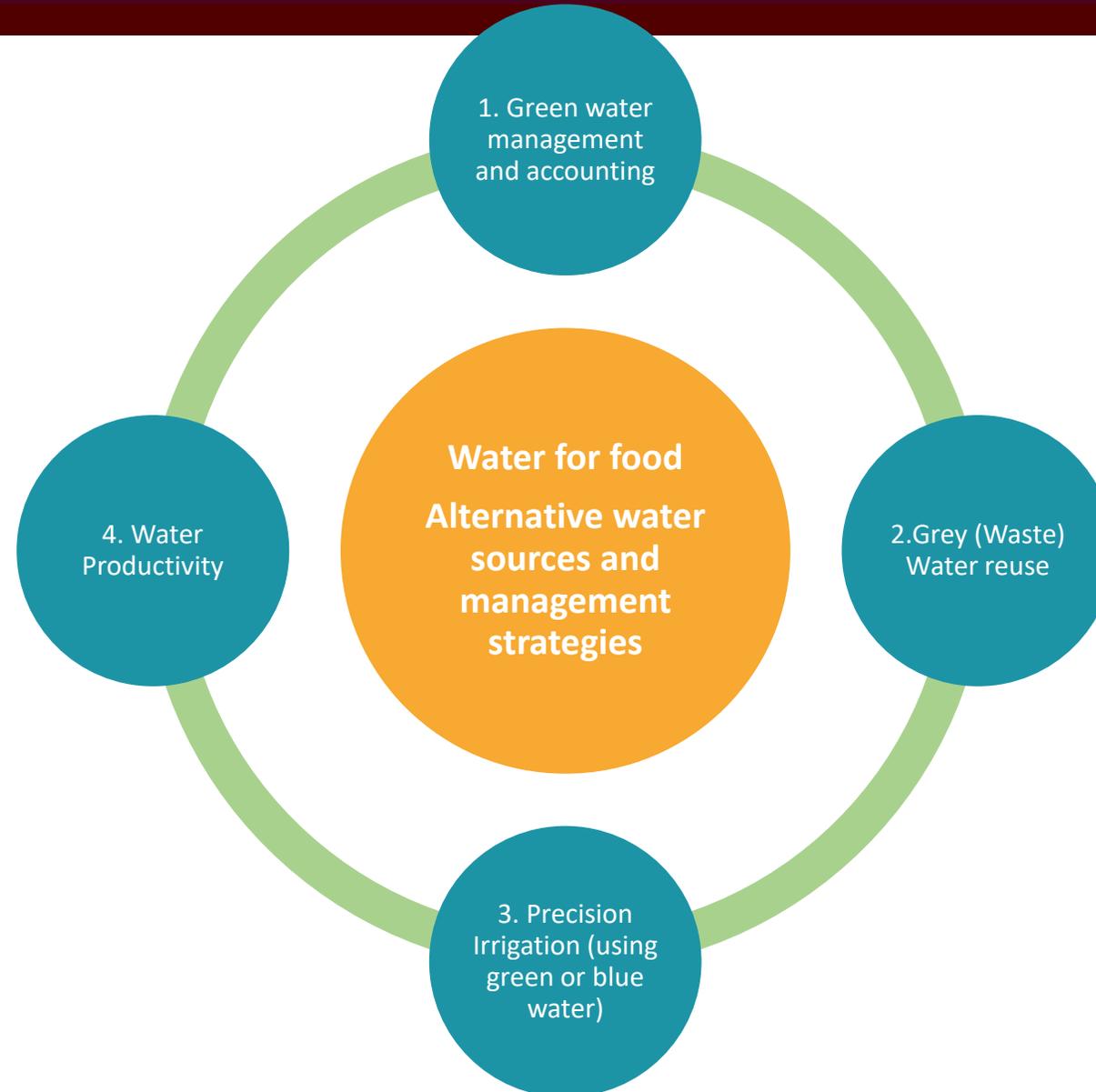


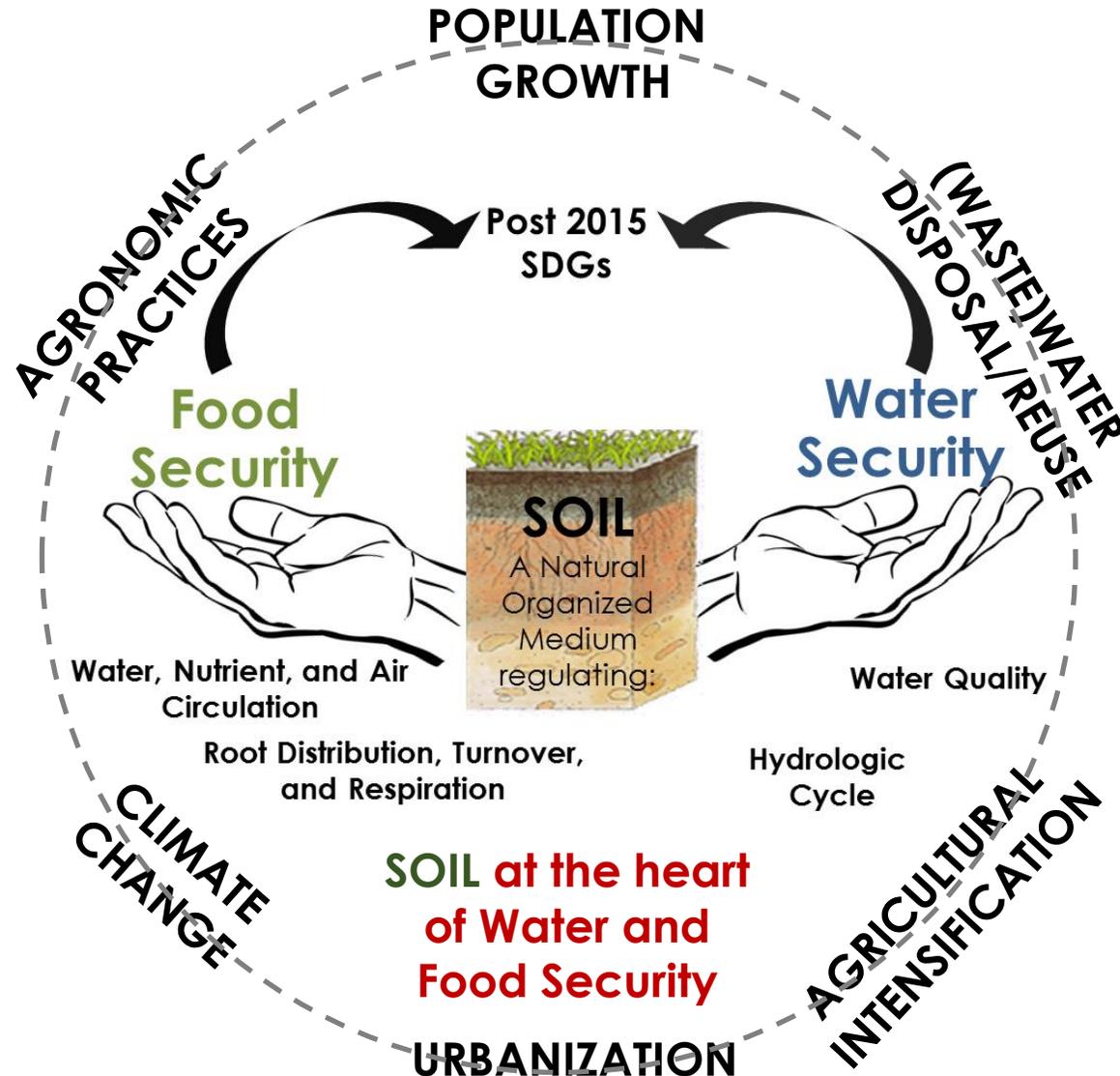
Reduced Food Waste and
Loss



Reduced Water, Land,
Energy Footprint







Soil Quality

The key for sustainable management of food and water resources are highly dependent on soil quality.

Characterization of Soil Medium

Studying the long-term impacts of the agro-environmental characteristics questions the use of (textured-based) soil information to face such a challenging world!!

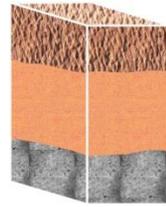
Soil Organization: Necessary to Understand Soil

➤ Soil is NOT only a homogenous mixture of solids, liquid and air.

HYDRO-FUNCTIONALITY

Axis III

ϑ : Volumetric Water Content (m^3/m^3)
 $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{\partial q}{\partial x}$



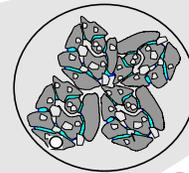
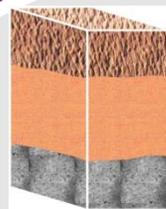
Disconnection

Axis I

Evolution

Nature and morphology of the soil material

Axis II



Pedology
 Science of the soil organization in the plane of axes I and II

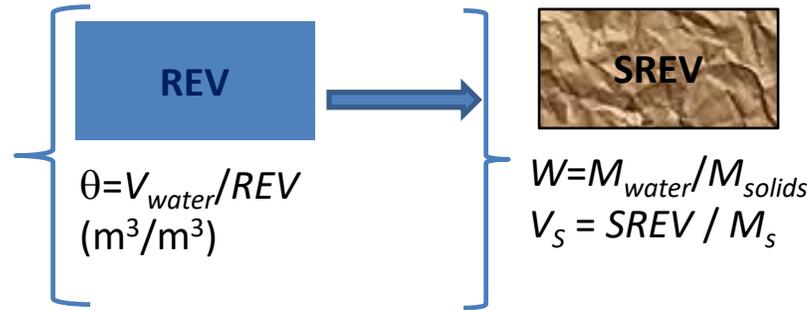
[Braudeau and Mohtar, 2009]

Hydro-Structural Pedology Paradigm [System Approach Theory]

➤ Reference:

Hydro-structural Properties

Structural mass



Axis III

Water content (kg/kg)

Specific volume (dm³/kg)

Continuity equation [SREV]

$$\frac{dW}{dt} = \rho_w \bar{V} \frac{\partial q}{\partial x}$$

Axis I

Evolution

Structure [Organization]

Axis II

Pedostructure, Horizon, Pedon, Soil mapping unit...

(Braudeau and Mohtar, 2009)

Typosoil™: facility based on a new soil paradigm:

1. Long term impact of non-conventional water reuse on soil health and productivity.
2. Quantifying & green water and soil-water holding properties.
3. Monitoring hydro-structural characteristics after applying different concentrations of biochar and carbon nanotubes soil additives

Water Management



1. Efficient Water Management [Green Water Management].
2. Impact of Soil Health and Productivity.

Biochar Additives

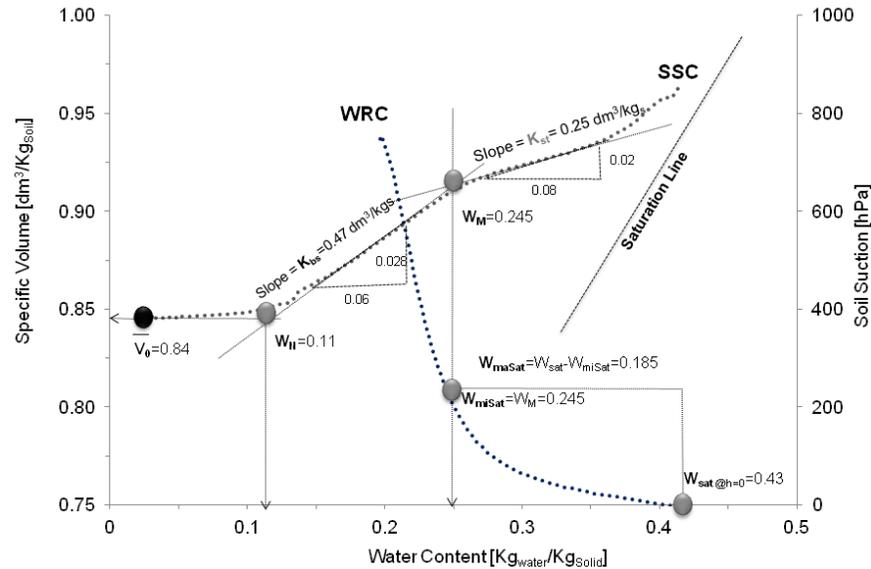
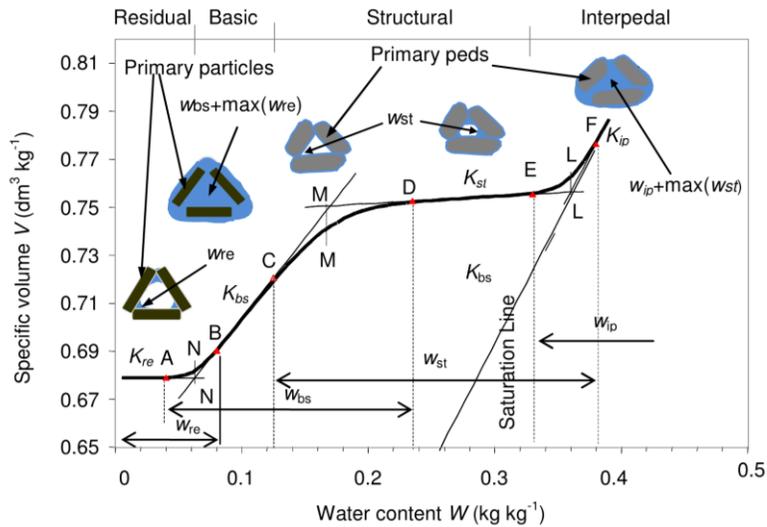
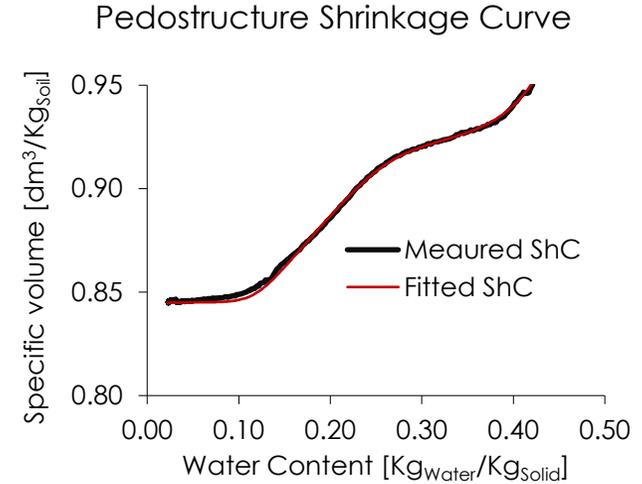
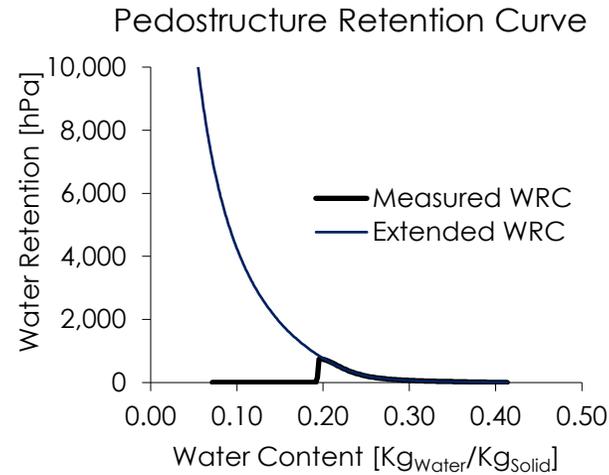


Greywater for Irrigation

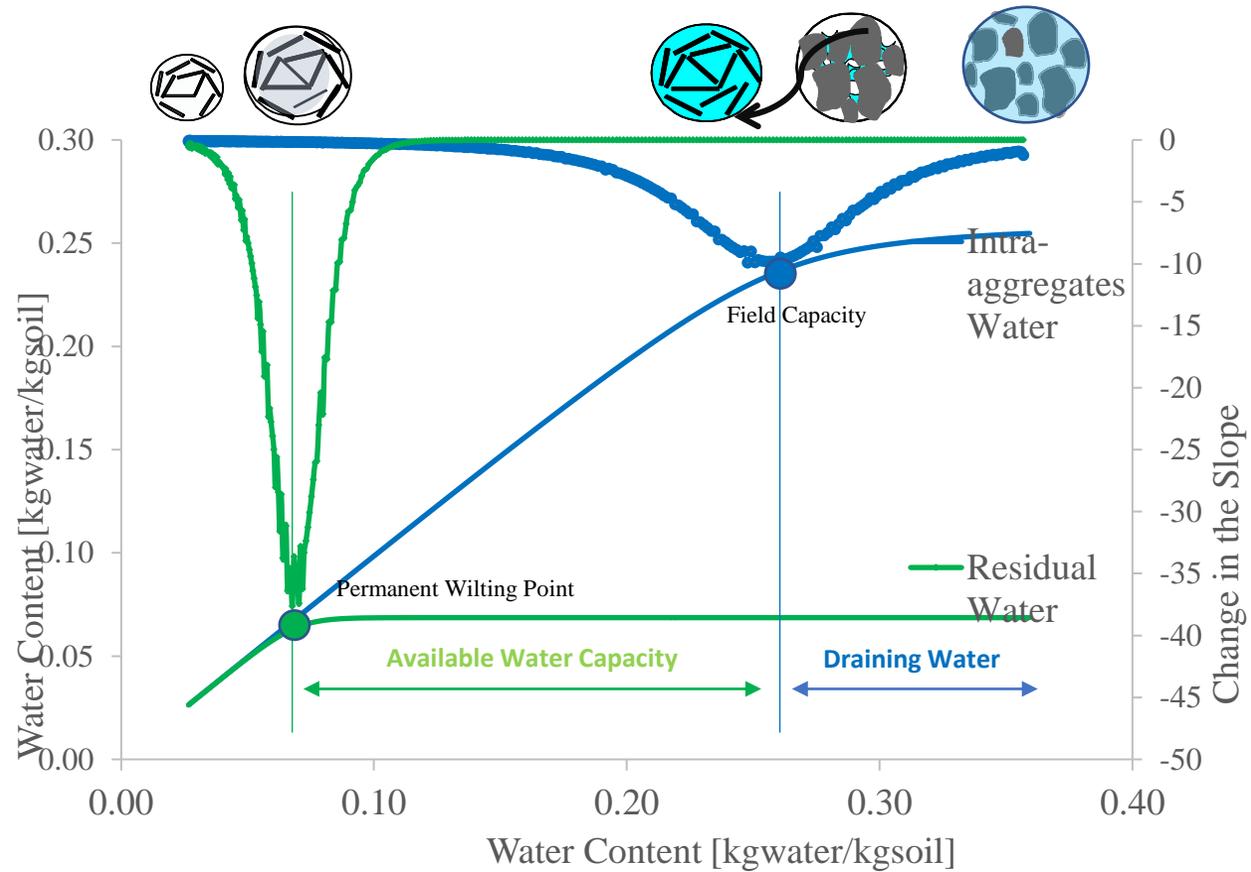


Treated Wastewater for Irrigation





At Aggregates Scale
[Pedostructure Scale]





Cropping System and Soil Mapping

Toward delineating hydro-functional soil mapping units using the pedostructure concept: A case study

Mohammed Salahat ^a, Rabi H. Mohtar ^{b,c,*}, Erik Braudeau ^{b,d}, Darrell G. Schulze ^e, Amjad Assi ^b

^a Natural Resources and Environment Department, The Hashemite University, Zarqa, Jordan

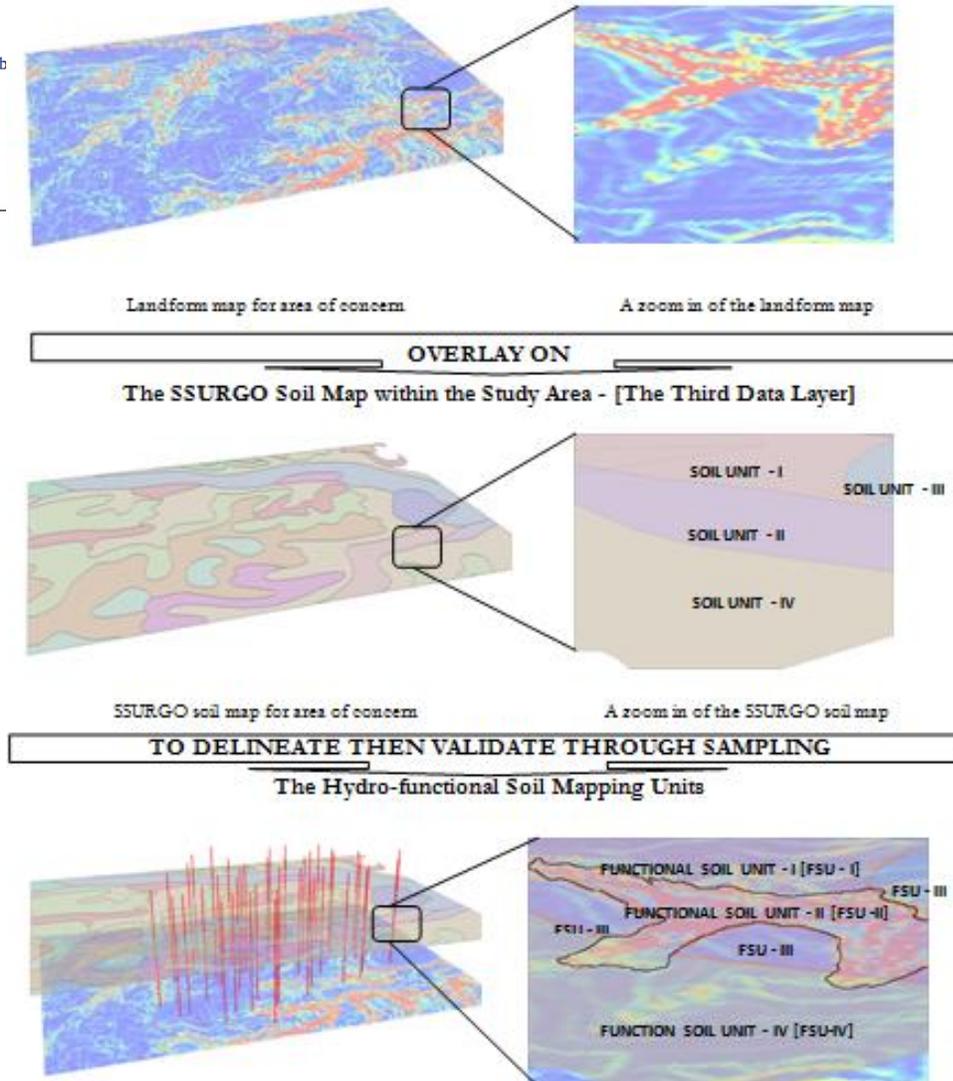
^b Qatar Environment and Energy Research Institute, Qatar Foundation, Doha, Qatar

^c Agricultural Biological Engineering Department, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47906, USA

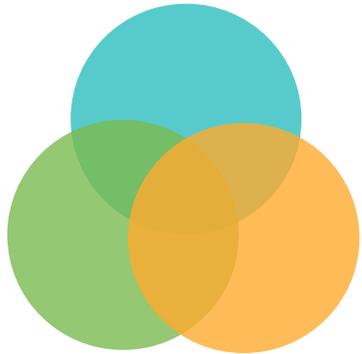
^d Institute for Research Development, IRD, Bondy, France

^e Agronomy Department, Purdue University, West Lafayette, IN 47907, USA

- Delineate a hydro-structural Soil Mapping Units.
- These units contains not only **qualitative** data but also **quantitative** data (hydro-structural parameters).
- These units can be used in Larger scale models to guide cropping system and land use management.



Today's Nexus



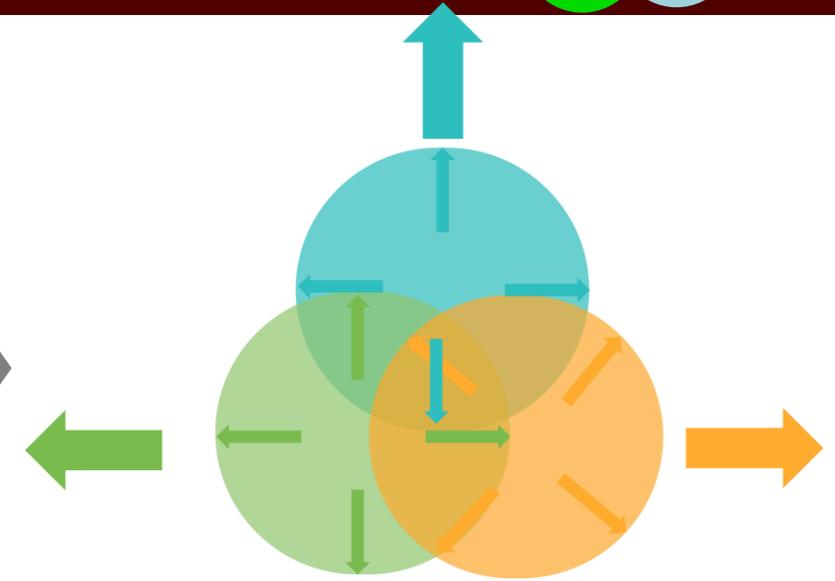
Future Leap

LEVERS

1. Technological/Science
2. Social
3. Political
4. Economic

ROLE for:

1. Private Sector
2. Public Sector
3. Civil Society



1. Projected resource gaps
2. Low resilience to climate change and increased demand
3. Inequity and variability in distribution
4. Trade-offs among interventions
5. Unsustainable FAS

1. Create synergies
2. Reduce interdependencies
3. Improve equity and distribution
4. Achieve SDG
5. Improved resilience
6. Circular FAS (Soil at the core)



AccelNet-Design: Soil and Land Management for Food & Water Security, Adaptation and Mitigation of Climate Change

... soils interconnected system at the nexus of soil, water, land and climate systems.

Goals of Soil for Society Network:

- i. *investigating* role of soils in water and food security and climate change adaptation and mitigation across scales and cultures,
- ii. *implementing* research-driven hypotheses to develop new theories and applied research to address location-based solutions that incorporate local knowledge, economic and cultural values,
- iii. *developing* a global platform for sharing transformative experiences via access to and synthesis of knowledge across multiple disciplines,
- iv. *developing* a diverse, inclusive and equitable next generation (NextGen) workforce.



For more information, please contact us at: ALS-NET@gmail.com

THANK YOU!